



GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE

RAYACHOTY, ANNAMAYYA DISTRICT, A.P.516269

(Accredited with C grade by NAAC)

Department of Political Science



COs & PSOs MAPPING

BA POLITICAL SCIENCE

URDU MEDIUM



UNDER CBCS FRAMEWORK

WITH EFFECT FROM 2015-16

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES FOR BA POLITICAL SCIENCE UM

Students after successful completion of BA POLITICAL SCIENCE UM will be able to:	
PSO-1	Graduates should demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of various political systems, structures, and processes at local, national, and international levels.
PSO-2	Ability to critically analyze political phenomena, policies, and events using appropriate theories and methodologies.
PSO-3	Competence in conducting political research, including qualitative and quantitative methods, and interpreting data to draw informed conclusions.
PSO-4	Effective communication of political ideas, arguments, and analysis through oral presentations, writing, and digital media.
PSO-5	Understanding of ethical issues in politics, such as governance, accountability, human rights, and social justice.



Title of the Course: Basic Concepts of Political Science

COs 		PSOs 				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Students should be able to define and explain core political concepts such as power, authority, sovereignty, democracy, and political culture.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-2	Students should become acquainted with major political theories and ideologies, such as liberalism, conservatism, socialism, and feminism, and understand their historical development and contemporary relevance.	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-3	The course often aims to develop students' ability to critically analyze political issues, policies, and events using theoretical frameworks.	✓			✓	✓
CO-4	The course may emphasize the development of research skills, including the ability to locate and evaluate scholarly sources, and writing skills, particularly in constructing coherent arguments and essays.	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-5	Students should gain knowledge about different types of political systems (e.g., democratic, authoritarian, totalitarian) and their characteristics.	✓		✓	✓	✓

Title of the Course: Political Institutions (Concepts, Theories and Institutions)

COs ↓		PSOs ↓				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Students should develop a deep understanding of different types of political institutions, such as legislatures, executives, judiciaries, and electoral systems, including their structures, functions, and interactions within political systems.	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-2	Gain insights into the principles and theories underlying the design and evolution of political institutions, including comparative perspectives on institutional arrangements across different countries.	✓		✓		✓
CO-3	Develop the ability to analyze how political institutions behave in practice, including their decision-making processes, policy outcomes, and interactions with other institutions and societal actors.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-4	Develop critical thinking skills to assess the strengths and weaknesses of different institutional designs and their implications for political stability, representation, accountability, and effectiveness.	✓		✓		✓
CO-5	Apply theoretical knowledge to analyze specific case studies of political institutions in different contexts (e.g., presidential vs. parliamentary systems, federal vs. unitary states) to understand their impact on governance and political outcomes.	✓	✓	✓		✓

Title of the Course: Indian Constitution

COs 		PSOs 				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Understand the structure of the Indian government and the functioning of its key institutions, including the Parliament, the President, the Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, the Judiciary, and Constitutional Bodies.	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-2	Develop a deep understanding of the origins, drafting process, and key features of the Indian Constitution, including its historical context and evolution.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-3	Explore the fundamental rights guaranteed to Indian citizens and the corresponding duties, as well as the mechanisms for their enforcement.	✓		✓	✓	✓
CO-4	Understand the role of the judiciary, particularly the Supreme Court, in interpreting the Constitution, including landmark judgments that have influenced constitutional law and governance.	✓		✓	✓	✓
CO-5	Conduct comparative analyses with other constitutional democracies to understand similarities, differences, and lessons that can be drawn for constitutional governance.	✓	✓	✓		✓

Title of the Course: Indian Political Process

COs ↓		PSOs ↓				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Gain knowledge about the structure and functioning of key political institutions in India, including the Parliament, the President, the Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, the Judiciary, and Constitutional Bodies.	✓	✓		✓	
CO-2	Examine the process of policy formulation and implementation at the national, state, and local levels, including key policy areas such as economic policies, social welfare programs, and environmental policies.	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-3	Understand the principles of federalism in India, including the distribution of powers and responsibilities between the central government and state governments, and analyze issues related to center-state relations.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-4	Study the role of political leadership in India, including the characteristics of political leadership, decision-making processes, and the influence of leaders on policy outcomes.	✓	✓	✓	✓	
CO-5	Analyze the role of media and communication channels in shaping public opinion, influencing electoral outcomes, and holding political actors accountable.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Title of the Course: Indian Political Thought

COs ↓		PSOs ↓				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Gain a deep understanding of the major schools of Indian political thought, including but not limited to, Kautilya's Artha shastra, Dharma shastra traditions, Buddhist political thought, Gandhian political philosophy, and modern Indian thinkers.	✓		✓	✓	✓
CO-2	Explore the philosophical foundations of Indian political thought, including concepts such as dharma, karma, ahimsa (non-violence), adharma (duty), and their implications for governance and society.	✓		✓	✓	
CO-3	Analyze Indian political thought in comparison with Western political theories and philosophies, highlighting similarities, differences, and unique contributions of Indian thinkers.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-4	Ambedkar's influential Indian political thinkers such as Kautilya, Mahatma Gandhi, Jawaharlal Nehru, B.R. Ambedkar, and others, and critically examine their ideas on statecraft, social justice, democracy, and nationalism.	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-5	Explore the ethical and moral dimensions of Indian political thought, including discussions on justice, rights, duties, and the ethical conduct of leaders and citizens.	✓	✓	✓		✓

Title of the Course: Western Political Thought

COs ↓		PSOs ↓				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Gain a comprehensive understanding of the historical development of Western political thought from ancient Greece to contemporary political theory.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-2	Study major figures in Western political thought, such as Plato, Aristotle, Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, Marx, and others, and analyze their seminal works and contributions to political theory.	✓		✓		✓
CO-3	Explore foundational concepts in Western political thought, including democracy, justice, liberty, equality, sovereignty, power, authority, rights, and social contract theory.	✓		✓	✓	✓
CO-4	Compare and contrast different schools of thought within Western political theory, such as liberalism, conservatism, socialism, feminism, anarchism, and others, highlighting their key differences and debates.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-5	Examine ethical and normative issues raised by Western political thinkers, including discussions on political obligation, legitimacy, human rights, and the role of the state.		✓	✓	✓	

Title of the Course: Principles of Public Administration

COs ↓		PSOs ↓				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Explore the historical and theoretical foundations of public administration, including the contributions of classical theorists (e.g., Max Weber, Woodrow Wilson) and contemporary perspectives (e.g., New Public Management, governance theory).	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-2	Gain a comprehensive understanding of the field of public administration, including its definition, scope, evolution, and interdisciplinary nature.	✓		✓	✓	
CO-3	Familiarize yourself with key concepts and principles in public administration, such as bureaucracy, efficiency, effectiveness, accountability, transparency, and ethics.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-4	Explore the historical and theoretical foundations of public administration, including the contributions of classical theorists (e.g., Max Weber, Woodrow Wilson) and contemporary perspectives (e.g., New Public Management, governance theory).	✓		✓	✓	
CO-5	Understand the role of public administration in the policy process, including policy formulation, implementation, evaluation, and the challenges involved in policy implementation.	✓	✓	✓		✓



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BA POLITICAL SCIENCE

URDU MEDIUM



UNDER REVISED CBCS FRAMEWORK

WITH EFFECT FROM 2020-21

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES FOR BA POLITICAL SCIENCE UM

Students after successful completion of BA POLITICAL SCIENCE UM will be able to:	
PSO-1	Awareness of global political issues, including diplomacy, international relations, and comparative politics.
PSO-2	Capability to assess and evaluate public policies, proposing recommendations based on political theory and empirical evidence.
PSO-3	Preparation for active participation in civic and political life, including advocacy, community engagement, and leadership roles.
PSO-4	Ability to integrate insights from related disciplines such as history, sociology, economics, and law into political analysis.
PSO-5	Preparation for careers in government, public administration, non-governmental organizations (NGOs), international organizations, journalism, law, and academia.



Title of the Course: Introduction to Political Science

COs 		PSOs 				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Develop critical thinking and analytical skills to evaluate political events, policies, and structures. This involves interpreting political theories and applying them to real-world situations.	✓		✓	✓	✓
CO-2	Gain knowledge about different types of political systems such as democracy, authoritarianism, totalitarianism, and different models of governance (e.g., presidential vs. parliamentary systems).	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-3	Familiarity with various political institutions such as the legislature, executive, judiciary, and their roles within different political systems.	✓			✓	✓
CO-4	Consider ethical issues in politics, such as justice, equality, human rights, and the role of ethics in political decision-making.	✓	✓	✓	✓	
CO-5	Stay informed about current political events and developments globally and locally, and understand their significance in political science terms.	✓	✓	✓		✓



Title of the Course: Basic Organs of the Government

COs ↓		PSOs ↓				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Gain knowledge of the essential components and structures that comprise a government, such as the executive, legislative, and judicial branches.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CO-2	Comprehend the functions and roles of each organ within the government system, including their powers, responsibilities, and interrelationships. Examine the role of these organs in upholding democratic governance principles, such as accountability, transparency, and representation	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-3	Understand how these organs are established and governed by constitutional principles, including checks and balances and separation of powers.	✓		✓	✓	✓
CO-4	Analyze the historical development and evolution of governmental organs, both domestically and in comparative international contexts.	✓		✓	✓	✓
CO-5	Explore the legal and political frameworks that govern the operations of these organs, including their interaction with other branches and with civil society.	✓	✓	✓		✓



Title of the Course: Indian Government and Politics

COs 		PSOs 				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Understand the structure and functioning of key institutions such as the Parliament, President, Prime Minister, Judiciary, and Election Commission of India.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-2	Grasp the electoral process, political parties, coalition politics, and the role of media in Indian democracy. Ability to analyze contemporary political issues in India such as federalism, secularism, caste and identity politics, regionalism, and globalization.	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-3	Insight into the policy-making process at various levels of government in India, including the formulation, implementation, and evaluation of policies.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-4	Compare and contrast the Indian political system with other democratic systems globally, identifying similarities and differences.	✓		✓		✓
CO-5	Conduct independent research on specific political topics related to India, and effectively communicate findings through written assignments and presentations.	✓	✓	✓		✓



Title of the Course: Indian Political Process

COs 		PSOs 				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Gain knowledge about the structure and functioning of key political institutions in India, including the Parliament, the President, the Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, the Judiciary, and Constitutional Bodies.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CO-2	Examine the process of policy formulation and implementation at the national, state, and local levels, including key policy areas such as economic policies, social welfare programs, and environmental policies	✓		✓		✓
CO-3	Understand the principles of federalism in India, including the distribution of powers and responsibilities between the central government and state governments, and analyze issues related to center-state relations.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-4	Study the role of political leadership in India, including the characteristics of political leadership, decision-making processes, and the influence of leaders on policy outcomes.	✓		✓		✓
CO-5	Analyze the role of media and communication channels in shaping public opinion, influencing electoral outcomes, and holding political actors accountable.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Title of the Course: Western Political Thought

COs 		PSOs 				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Consider the ethical implications of different political theories and ideologies, including discussions on justice, rights, equality, and the role of the state.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-2	Understand how theories from Western Political Thought have shaped political institutions, governance structures, and public policies in Western societies.	✓		✓		✓
CO-3	Appreciate the cultural, social, and historical contexts in which major political thinkers operated, and how these contexts influenced their ideas	✓		✓	✓	✓
CO-4	Understand the historical development of political thought in Western civilization, from ancient Greece and Rome to the modern era.	✓			✓	✓
CO-5	Understand how theories from Western Political Thought have shaped political institutions, governance structures, and public policies in Western societies.		✓	✓		

Title of the Course: Electoral Politics and Voting Behavior 6D

COs 		PSOs 				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Gain knowledge of different electoral systems used worldwide, including their advantages, disadvantages, and impact on political representation.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-2	Analyze the role of political parties in electoral politics, including their formation, organization, strategies, and influence on voter behavior.	✓		✓		✓
CO-3	Explore theories and models explaining voting behavior, including sociological, psychological, economic, and rational choice perspectives.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-4	Analyze the effectiveness of political communication strategies in mobilizing voters, shaping public opinion, and influencing electoral outcomes. Investigate factors affecting voter turnout and participation rates, including barriers to voting and strategies to increase electoral engagement.	✓	✓	✓	✓	
CO-5	Consider ethical dilemmas related to electoral politics, such as voter manipulation, electoral fraud, and the importance of fair and transparent elections in democratic societies.		✓	✓		✓

Title of the Course: Legislature Procedure and Practices 7D

COs ↓		PSOs ↓				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Gain knowledge of the structure, functions, and powers of legislative bodies at various levels.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-2	Understand the legislative process from bill introduction to enactment, including stages such as committee hearings, floor debates, amendments, and voting procedures.	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-3	Explore the role and significance of legislative committees in scrutinizing legislation.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-4	Examine the influence of political parties and party discipline on legislative procedures, coalition-building, and the passage of legislation.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-5	Consider ethical dilemmas and standards of conduct for legislators, including issues of transparency, accountability, and conflicts of interest.	✓	✓	✓		✓

Title of the Course: Social Work Method (SDC)

COs ↓		PSOs ↓				
		1	2	3	4	5
CO-1	Develop skills in conducting comprehensive assessments of clients' strengths, needs, and challenges within their social and environmental contexts.	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-2	Learn to develop intervention plans based on assessments, utilizing evidence-based practices and considering clients' preferences, cultural backgrounds, and resources.	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-3	Understand the role of social workers in coordinating services, advocating for clients, and navigating complex systems to ensure comprehensive and effective care.	✓	✓		✓	
CO-4	Acquire skills in responding to crises and emergencies, providing immediate support, and implementing crisis intervention strategies to stabilize situations. Learn to facilitate and lead groups to address common concerns, build support networks, and foster collective empowerment and resilience.	✓	✓	✓	✓	
CO-5	Explore various counseling and therapeutic techniques used in social work practice, including cognitive-behavioral therapy, motivational interviewing, and trauma-informed approaches.	✓	✓	✓		✓



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Department of Political Science

COs & PSOs MAPPING

BA HONOURS POLITICAL SCIENCE URDU MEDIUM (MINOR)

4-YEARS UG HONOURS PROGRAM WITH SINGLE MAJOR AND ONE MINOR

WITH EFFECT FROM 2023-24

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES FOR BA HONOURS POLITICAL SCIENCE UM (MINOR)

Students after successful completion of BA POLITICAL SCIENCE UM will be able to:	
PSO-1	Prepare for further study or careers where a foundational understanding of political science is beneficial, such as law, public administration, journalism, or business.
PSO-2	Develop critical thinking skills to evaluate arguments, assess evidence, and form reasoned judgments about political issues.
PSO-3	Gain awareness of ethical issues in politics and the importance of civic engagement and responsibility in political life.
PSO-4	Acquire knowledge of basic research methods in political science, including qualitative and quantitative approaches, to interpret and evaluate political data.
PSO-5	Develop the ability to critically analyse political events, policies, and phenomena using appropriate theories and methodologies.
PSO-6	Ability to connect political science concepts with other disciplines such as history, economics, sociology, and law.
PSO-7	Understanding of global politics, including international relations, global governance structures, and cross-cultural differences in political systems.
PSO-8	Ability to analyze and evaluate political arguments, policies, and events critically.

Title of the Course: Fundamentals of Political Science

COs ↓		PSOs ↓							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
CO-1	Explore major political theories and ideologies, including liberalism, conservatism, socialism, feminism, and anarchism, and understand their historical development and contemporary relevance.	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CO-2	Understand the principles, theories, and dynamics of international relations, including state sovereignty, globalization, conflict resolution, and international organizations.	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	
CO-3	Analyze political systems, institutions, and processes across different countries and regions, examining similarities, differences, and patterns of political behavior.		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
CO-4	Understand the principles, theories, and dynamics of international relations, including state sovereignty, globalization, conflict resolution, and international organizations. Study the structure and functions of political institutions such as government, legislatures, judiciary, and bureaucracies, and analyze their roles in policy-making and governance.	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CO-5	Examine the processes of policy-making, implementation, and evaluation in various policy domains, including social policy, economic policy, environmental policy, and foreign policy.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓

Title of the Course: Indian Constitution

COs ↓		PSOs ↓							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
CO-1	Understand the historical background and evolution of the Indian Constitution, including the influences of various sources such as the Government of India Act, 1935, and the Constituent Assembly debates.	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
CO-2	Gain knowledge of the structure and organization of the Indian Constitution, including its Preamble, Parts, Schedules, and Amendments.	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-3	Analyze the provisions related to Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP), and Fundamental Duties, and understand their significance in Indian democracy.	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	
CO-4	Explore the principles of federalism in India, including the distribution of powers between the Union (central) and State governments, and the mechanisms for resolving inter-governmental disputes.		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-5	Examine the concept of judicial review in India, including landmark judicial decisions that have shaped constitutional interpretation and governance.	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓

Title of the Course: Indian Government

COs ↓		PSOs ↓							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
CO-1	Gain knowledge of key political institutions in India such as the Parliament, President, Prime Minister, Council of Ministers, Supreme Court, and Election Commission.	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-2	Analyze the processes of law-making, policy formulation, and implementation in India, including the roles and functions of legislative, executive, and judicial branches.	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	
CO-3	Examine India's electoral system, political parties, coalition politics, and the functioning of democratic institutions in ensuring representative governance.	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CO-4	Understand the distribution of powers and responsibilities between the Union (central) government and state governments, and mechanisms for inter-governmental cooperation and dispute resolution.	✓	✓	✓			✓		✓
CO-5	Learn to analyze and evaluate public policies in India across various domains such as economic policies, social welfare programs, education, healthcare, and environmental policies.	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓

Title of the Course: Dynamics of Indian Political System

COs ↓		PSOs ↓							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
CO-1	Gain knowledge of key political institutions in India such as the Parliament, President, Prime Minister, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, and Election Commission, and understand their roles, functions, and interrelationships.	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
CO-2	Analyze the foundational principles of the Indian Constitution, including federalism, separation of powers, fundamental rights, directive principles of state policy, and their impact on governance.	✓		✓		✓			✓
CO-3	Examine the role and functions of political parties in India, electoral processes, coalition politics, party systems, and their influence on policy-making and governance.	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
CO-4	Understand the distribution of powers and responsibilities between the Union (central) government and state governments, mechanisms for cooperation, and challenges in federal governance.	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓
CO-5	Study the dynamics of political leadership in India, including the roles and styles of leaders at national, state, and local levels, and their impact on policy formulation and implementation.		✓	✓				✓	✓

Title of the Course: 6B E GOVERNANCE

COs ↓		PSOs ↓							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
CO-1	Understand the role of ICT infrastructure, platforms, and digital tools used in E-Governance initiatives, including e-services, e-participation, and e-democracy.	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓
CO-2	Analyze how E-Governance facilitates digital transformation in government operations, service delivery, policy-making, and public administration.	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
CO-3	Examine policy frameworks, regulations, and legal considerations governing E-Governance initiatives, including issues of data privacy, cybersecurity, and digital rights.	✓	✓			✓	✓		✓
CO-4	Explore examples of E-Government services such as online portals, e-payments, digital signatures, and mobile applications, and their impact on citizen-government interactions.	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓
CO-5	Understand how E-Governance promotes transparency, accountability, and citizen engagement in governance processes, including mechanisms for feedback and grievance redressal.	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓

Title of the Course: 7B Local Administration

COs ↓		PSOs ↓							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
CO-1	Gain knowledge of the organizational structures and functions of local governments, including municipalities, urban local bodies (ULBs), and rural local bodies (panchayats).	✓	✓			✓	✓		✓
CO-2	Analyze the legal and constitutional framework governing local administration in India, including the provisions of the Constitution, relevant laws, and amendments.	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓
CO-3	Understand the roles and responsibilities of local governments in providing essential services such as water supply, sanitation, waste management, urban planning, and rural development.	✓		✓	✓		✓		✓
CO-4	Examine the financial management practices of local administrations, including budgeting, revenue generation, grants-in-aid, and financial accountability mechanisms.	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
CO-5	Explore concepts of decentralization and devolution of powers to local bodies, including mechanisms for participatory decision-making and community engagement.	✓		✓		✓	✓		✓



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